HTTPS: What is it and will it help my site?

If you have forms that are collecting personal information (names matched with address, phone number, email, etc) — you will now need a Security Certificate. As of July, 2018 Google Chrome will begin to mark ALL websites as insecure if they are not running under HTTPS regardless of whether they are using forms within their site. Below is some information about what HTTPS is and what it can do for your website.

Protect the integrity of your website

HTTPS helps prevent intruders from tampering with the communications between your websites and your users' browsers. Intruders include intentionally malicious attackers, and legitimate but intrusive companies, such as ISPs or hotels that inject ads into pages. Intruders exploit unprotected communications to trick your users into giving up sensitive information or installing malware, or to insert their own advertisements into your resources. For example, some third parties inject advertisements into websites that potentially break user experiences and create security vulnerabilities.

Intruders exploit every unprotected resource that travels between your websites and your users. Images, cookies, scripts, HTML … they're all exploitable. Intrusions can occur at any point in the network, including a user's machine, a Wi-Fi hotspot, or a compromised ISP, just to name a few.

Protect the privacy and security of your users

HTTPS prevents intruders from being able to passively listen to communications between your websites and your users. One common misconception about HTTPS is that the only websites that need HTTPS are those that handle sensitive communications. Every unprotected HTTP request can potentially reveal information about the behaviors and identities of your users. Although a single visit to one of your unprotected websites may seem benign, some intruders look at the aggregate browsing activities of your users to make inferences about their behaviors and intentions, and to de-anonymize their identities. For example, employees might inadvertently disclose sensitive health conditions to their employers just by reading unprotected medical articles.

HTTPS is the future of the web

Powerful, new web platform features, such as taking pictures or recording audio with getUserMedia(), enabling offline app experiences with service workers, or building progressive web apps, require explicit permission from the user before executing. Many older APIs are also being updated to require permission to execute, such as the geolocation API. HTTPS is a key component to the permission workflows for both these new features and updated APIs.

If you're ready for your site to be protected, let us know and we can install a free SSL certificate for your site for a $45 install fee. That's good for the initial install and subsequent renewals during the next 12 months(SSL certificates from Let's Encrypt have a 90 day life).

Source: Google | Web Fundamentals